

# Introduction to Agile Development

Duration:	3 days
Type:	beginner

## Description

This course is a two part introduction to Agile Development. The first part is a theoretical discussion of what distinguishes Agile methods from traditional processes. The second part is an in-depth practical introduction to Agile tools and techniques. Examples are given from many different environments, including Java, C#, Ruby and Perl.

The first part of the course is suitable for anyone involved in software development. The second is designed for software developers only.

## Prerequisites

For the second part of the course delegates should be software developers with experience of working on medium and large scale projects.

## List of Modules

### Existing Development Methods

- Why no one really does waterfall development
- When unstructured development works and fails
- When bureaucratic development works and fails
- The good news about established methods
- The weaknesses of existing methods

### Summarizing Agile Development

- Delivering software is everything
- Agile methods value developers
- Agile methods value customers
- Iteration is at the core of Agility
- Test, test, test and test again
- Automate absolutely everything

### Comparing Three Agile Processes

- Feature Driven Development (FDD)
- The SCRUM Methodology
- Extreme Programming (XP)

### When Agility Isn't Enough

- When being Agile is not worthwhile
- Can Agility work in large projects?
- Can Agility survive corporate culture?

## Key Skills for Agile Developers

- Coding using Test Driven Development
- Continuous integration and source control
- Build automation and the 'Big Red Button'
- Refactoring to increase code quality
- Rapid modelling using sketches

## Introducing Test Driven Development

- Defining your intent through tests
- Writing just enough code to pass
- Adding tests and refining the code
- Testing up to the point of boredom
- Triangulating on hard problems
- Moving up and down the gears
- You aren't going to need it
- Building a suite of test cases

## Refactoring in Depth

- Refactoring as the 'second hat'
- Refactoring is essential to TDD
- Support for refactoring in the editor
- Refactoring to keep the code alive
- Detecting smells in code and tests
- The most productive refactorings

## Automating the Build Process

- Introduction or review of Ant/NAnt/MSBuild
- Triggering Unit Tests and creating reports
- Calculating test coverage of your code-base
- Choosing and generating metrics with value

## Architecture and Modelling in an Agile Project

- Common myths about Agility and architecture
- Defining an architecture in small increments
- Estimating and coping with technical risks
- How Agile developers model their designs
- Models as sketches rather than blueprints

## Lightweight Containers and Mock Objects

- Problems testing classes with dependencies
- Using mocking to replace dependencies
- Different types of data collection in mocks
- Errors and 'Crash Test Dummy' mocks
- Using the test as the mock (Self Shunt)
- Automatically generating mock objects
- Externalizing dependencies using Factories
- Dependency Injection and Inversion of Control
- Using Spring to manage class dependencies